

Date: Wed, 8 Sep 93 04:30:30 PDT  
From: Ham-Homebrew Mailing List and Newsgroup <ham-homebrew@ucsd.edu>  
Errors-To: Ham-Homebrew-Errors@UCSD.Edu  
Reply-To: Ham-Homebrew@UCSD.Edu  
Precedence: Bulk  
Subject: Ham-Homebrew Digest V93 #36  
To: Ham-Homebrew

Ham-Homebrew Digest                      Wed, 8 Sep 93                      Volume 93 : Issue    36

Today's Topics:

                    Frequency interval  
            Why are folded dipoles 300 ohms? (2 msgs)

Send Replies or notes for publication to: <Ham-Homebrew@UCSD.Edu>  
Send subscription requests to: <Ham-Homebrew-REQUEST@UCSD.Edu>  
Problems you can't solve otherwise to brian@ucsd.edu.

Archives of past issues of the Ham-Homebrew Digest are available  
(by FTP only) from UCSD.Edu in directory "mailarchives/ham-homebrew".

We trust that readers are intelligent enough to realize that all text  
herein consists of personal comments and does not represent the official  
policies or positions of any party. Your mileage may vary. So there.

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Date: Tue, 7 Sep 93 23:49:33 GMT  
From: mercury.hsi.com!a3bee2!cyphyn!randy@uunet.uu.net  
Subject: Frequency interval  
To: ham-homebrew@ucsd.edu

9203117@rkw-lan.cs.up.ac.za (WESSELS T) writes:  
: Is there some way of changing the frequency receiving interval on a FM  
: receiver. I have electronic knowledge and would appreciate references or  
: direct instructions.

Freq rec interval? do you mean the freq steps like 200kc , that it 'hops'?

If so...thats all in the cpu that controls the set...all in Prom...thus, you'd  
need build an outboard local oscillator, pll it and control it by - probably  
your computer ( easier to do ) to make freq resolution finer.

In essence you need an osc that will tune from 77mc to 99 mc ( I assume we  
are talking about 88-108 fm?)

Using an osc running at 1/3 the freq, it'll be in range of cheap plls with  
a 5kc step rate ( this boils down now to a 15kc step rate when done)

You multiply the freq to get that 77-99mc, for the HF0.

You are really going to need a couple books on pll's and how superhets work, and sence there are SO amny...may I recommend ARRL Handbook?---1988 -1993 will do ( all ahve more or less same thing)... that'll get you started.

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Randy KA1UNW

If you get a shock while  
servicing your equipment,  
DON'T JUMP!

You might break an expensive tube!

"Works for me!"

-Peter Keyes

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Date: Tue, 7 Sep 1993 21:54:55 GMT  
From: mentor.cc.purdue.edu!sage.cc.purdue.edu!aj@purdue.edu  
Subject: Why are folded dipoles 300 ohms?  
To: ham-homebrew@ucsd.edu

Could it be that the system was designed to work with an >array of arrays<? if I recall correctly, a 50-ohm feed can feed 4-300 ohm dipoles, but I don't know what connections were necessary to do the trick. I think the 50-ohm line was run straight, with the 300-ohm dipoles put across its conductors in parallel at 1/2 wave distances.

It's been a while, but this was for a commercial 400MHz band repeater antenna. It supposedly worked okay.

So, this means you may have a 50-ohm harness with 4 taps, which turns into 16 actual antennas. What a phasing nightmare!

: John Dormer  
: aj@sage.cc.purdue.edu

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Date: 8 Sep 93 04:55:13 GMT  
From: ogicse!emory!kd4nc!ke4zv!gary@network.ucsd.edu  
Subject: Why are folded dipoles 300 ohms?  
To: ham-homebrew@ucsd.edu

In article <millar.44.0@mervax.sanders.lockheed.com>  
millar@mervax.sanders.lockheed.com (Jeffrey R. Millar) writes:  
>We are trying to make an eight element repeater antenna for 447 MHz based on  
>a Cushcraft phasing harness we found surplus. We have just the harness and  
>not the antennas or mounting hardware.  
>

>Analysis of the phasing harness shows that each of the antennas needs to  
>present 50 ohms for the total to look like 50 ohms for the whole array. We  
>confirmed this with by placing 8 47-50 ohm 1/4 watt film resistors on the  
>antenna connection points and looking at the reflected power. The harness  
>exhibited a beautiful match at 440 MHz.

>

>Looking at existing antennas of similar design, we note that each of the  
>elements appears to be a folded dipole. We couldn't find any matching  
>components.

>

>The problem is that folded dipoles present an impedance of 300 ohms at the  
>feed point. The phasing harness just won't work with that load.

>

>Any helpful suggestions are welcome, thanks in advance

Jeff, the Cushcraft 4 Pole antenna uses gamma matched dipoles as  
elements, not the folded dipoles used by DB Products. This antenna  
is a horrible kludge. We installed one at our repeater. It's performance  
was bad, so we added a second 4 Pole below it and phased them together.  
That was better, but our coverage was still poor. Finally we bought a  
Comet 440 repeater antenna and our problems were solved. Best \$120  
we ever spent.

Gary

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Gary Coffman KE4ZV	"If 10% is good enough	gatech!wa4mei!ke4zv!gary
Destructive Testing Systems	for Jesus, it's good	uunet!rsiatl!ke4zv!gary
534 Shannon Way	enough for Uncle Sam."	emory!kd4nc!ke4zv!gary
Lawrenceville, GA 30244	-Ray Stevens	

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End of Ham-Homebrew Digest V93 #36

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